Table 18. PAD District IV—Supply, Disposition, and Ending Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, December 2002

(Thousand Barrels)

	Supply					Disposition					
Commodity	Field Production	Refinery Production	Imports by PAD District of Entry ^a	Unac- counted For Crude Oil ^b	Net Receipts	Stock Change ^c	Crude Losses	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ^d	Ending Stocks
Crude Oil	E 8,420	_	10,436	-15	-2,956	159	0	15,726	(s)	0	12,521
Natural Gas Liquids and LRGs		-14 —	411 128	_	-4,662 -520	-118 -3	_	589 222	2 0	1,499 325	2,139 262
Liquefied Petroleum Gases Ethane/Ethylene	2,246	-14 0	283 0	_	-4,142 -2,058	-115 6	_	367 0	2 0	1,174 182	1,877 522
Propane/Propylene Normal Butane/Butylene	810	272 -189	175 100	_	-1,248 -493	-81 -32	_	0 280	2	1,185 -20	757 374
Isobutane/Isobutylene		-97	8	_	-343	-8	_	87	0	-173	224
Other Liquids Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates Unfinished Oils	155		0 0 0		0 0 0	-128 -56 -203	_	772 211 379	0 0 0	-176 0 -176	4,357 199 2,084
Motor Gasoline Blend. Comp		_	0	_	0	131 0	_	182 0	0	0	2,074 0
Finished Petroleum Products Finished Motor Gasoline		17,601 8,780	285 10	_	559 -120	994 249	_	_	24 0	17,186 8,180	12,305 5,259
Reformulated	_	0	0	_	0	0	_	_	0	0	0
Oxygenated Other	-962	1,789 6,991	0 10	_	0 -120	19 230	_	_	0	2,492 5,689	158 5,101
Finished Aviation Gasoline Jet Fuel		6 792	11 2	_	6 970	5 -54	_	_	0 0	18 1,818	37 834
Naphtha-TypeKerosene-Type		0 792	0 2	_	0 970	0 -54	_	_	0	0 1,818	0 834
Kerosene Distillate Fuel Oil		170 4.858	0 222	_	-83 -214	23 266	_	_	0	64 4.600	80 3.791
0.05 percent sulfur and under	_	3,953	213	_	-166	130	_	_	0	3,870	3,170
Greater than 0.05 percent sulfur Residual Fuel Oil	_	905 338	9 0	_	-48 0	136 -3	_	_	3	730 338	621 331
Petrochemical Feedstocks ^e		16 0	0 0	_	0 0	0 0	_	_	0 0	16 0	0 4
Lubricants Waxes		0 71	0	_	0 0	0 -5	_	_	19 0	-19 76	0 16
Petroleum CokeAsphalt and Road Oil	_	524 1,401	0 40	_	0	-9 531	_	_	1 2	532 908	40 1,900
Still Gas Miscellaneous Products		583 62	0 0	_	0 0	0 -9	_	_	0 0	583 71	0 13
Total	14,884	17,587	11,132	-15	-7,059	907	0	17,087	26	18,509	31,322

a Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-811, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movement Report," and EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report". Domestic crude oil production estimates based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. Export data from the Bureau of the Census and Form EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report."

b Unaccounted for crude oil represents the difference between the supply and disposition of crude oil.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks.

d Products supplied is equal to field production, plus refinery production, plus imports, plus unaccounted for crude oil, plus net receipts, minus stock change, minus crude losses, minus refinery inputs, minus exports.

e Includes naphtha less than 401° F endpoint and other oils equal to or greater than 401° F endpoint.

⁽s) = Less than 500 barrels.

⁼ Estimated.

LRG = Liquefied Refinery Gas.

 ^{- =} Not Applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.